The Burden of Diabetes in Missouri

Diabetes is an epidemic in the United States. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), over 37 million Americans have diabetes and face its devastating consequences. What’s true nationwide is also true in Missouri.

**Missouri’s diabetes epidemic:**
- Approximately **546,090 people in Missouri**, or 11.4% of the adult population, have **diagnosed diabetes**.
- An additional **139,000 people in Missouri have diabetes but don’t know it**, greatly increasing their health risk.
- There are **1,594,000 people in Missouri**, 33.6% of the adult population, who have **prediabetes** with blood glucose levels that are higher than normal but not yet high enough to be diagnosed as diabetes.
- **Every year** an estimated **36,392 people in Missouri** are diagnosed with diabetes.

**Diabetes is expensive:**
People with diabetes have **medical expenses approximately 2.3 times higher** than those who do not have diabetes.
- **Total direct medical expenses** for diagnosed diabetes in Missouri were estimated at **$4.9 billion** in 2017.
- In addition, another **$1.8 billion** was spent on **indirect costs** from lost productivity due to diabetes.

**Improving lives, preventing diabetes and finding a cure:**
In 2021, the **National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases** at the National Institutes of Health invested **$61,290,467** in diabetes-related research projects in Missouri. The **Division of Diabetes Translation** at the CDC provided **$1,699,295** in diabetes prevention and educational grants in Missouri in 2018.

Sources include:
- Research expenditures: 2021 NIDDK funding, report.nih.gov/award/index.cfm; 2020 CDC diabetes funding, fundingprofiles.cdc.gov/FundingProfiles/FundingQuery