The Burden of Diabetes in Nevada

Diabetes is an epidemic in the United States. According to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), over 37 million Americans have diabetes and face its devastating consequences. What’s true nationwide is also true in Nevada.

Nevada’s diabetes epidemic:
- Approximately **254,570 people in Nevada**, or 10.6% of the adult population, have **diagnosed diabetes**.
- An additional **70,000 people in Nevada have diabetes but don’t know it**, greatly increasing their health risk.
- There are **816,000 people in Nevada**, 35.1% of the adult population, who have **prediabetes** with blood glucose levels that are higher than normal but not yet high enough to be diagnosed as diabetes.
- **Every year** an estimated **18,550 people in Nevada** are diagnosed with diabetes.

Diabetes is expensive:

People with diabetes have medical expenses approximately **2.3 times higher** than those who do not have diabetes.
- Total **direct medical expenses** for diagnosed diabetes in Nevada were estimated at **$2 billion** in 2017.
- In addition, another **$704 million** was spent on **indirect costs** from lost productivity due to diabetes.

Improving lives, preventing diabetes and finding a cure:

In 2021, the **National Institute of Diabetes and Digestive and Kidney Diseases** at the National Institutes of Health invested **$3,267,567** in diabetes-related research projects in Nevada. The **Division of Diabetes Translation** at the CDC provided **$1,577,846** in diabetes prevention and educational grants in Nevada in 2018.

Sources include:
- Research expenditures: 2021 NIDDK funding, report.nih.gov/award/index.cfm; 2020 CDC diabetes funding, fundingprofiles.cdc.gov/FundingProfiles/FundingQuery

Diagnosed diabetes costs an estimated **$2.8 billion in Nevada each year**.

The serious complications include heart disease, stroke, amputation, end-stage kidney disease, blindness—and death.